



• NIPPON CARBON





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Note : This document has been translated from the Japanese original for reference purposes only. In the event of any discrepancy between this translated document and the Japanese original, the original shall prevail.

Editorial Policy

The Nippon Carbon Group publishes this report to communicate to stakeholders our efforts to achieve our management philosophy of "A company with dreams and technologies to realize a world of love and science."

Date of issue December 2023

Reporting period

Fiscal 2022 (January–December 2022)

Guidelines used as reference

- Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry "Guidance for Integrated Corporate Disclosure and Company-Investor Dialogues for Collaborative Value Creation (Guidance for Collaborative Value Creation)"
- Global Reporting Initiative
- "GRI Sustainability Reporting Standards"
- Ministry of the Environment "Environmental Reporting Guidelines"



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Scope

This report contains financial information and ESGrelated information concerning Nippon Carbon Co., Ltd. and its affiliated companies. The scope of reporting for items of limited scope is as noted.

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Website

For the most recent information on Nippon Carbon Co., Ltd., please visit the Company's website. https://www.carbon.co.jp/english/

President's Greetings



A company with dreams and technologies to realize a world of love and science.

Opening thoughts

In fiscal 2022, we transitioned to the Prime Market in conjunction with the market restructuring of the Tokyo Stock Exchange, taking a new step forward.

This market restructuring gave us an excellent opportunity to reflect on our circumstances. Transitioning to the Prime Market means subjecting ourselves to more scrutiny from domestic and foreign investors than ever before. Today, a continuous stream of natural disasters and international conflicts impact a company's ongoing business activities. Amidst these unpredictable times, we believe it is

Reflecting on fiscal 2022

Both sales and profit increased as capital investment in the semiconductor industry and other sectors remained steady.

In fiscal 2022, economic activities were expected to return to normal with the relaxation of various regulations and the removal of immigration restrictions related to the COVID-19 pandemic. However, there were signs of stagnation in economic growth due to the surge in prices brought on by disruptions in global supply chains resulting from the conflict in Ukraine. In the United States and Europe, monetary tightening in response to inflation began to dampen the growth of consumer spending. Meanwhile, in Japan, it was rapid exchange rate fluctuations that hurt consumer spending, with the yen at 150 yen to the dollar for the first time in 32 years. For us, the sharp rise in energy

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our mission to engage in management in a way that satisfies our stakeholders and pursue improvement of corporate value.

The starting point of our business activities at Nippon Carbon is our management philosophy, which states that we strive to be "A company with dreams and technologies to realize a world of love and science." Irrespective of the business environment, we will make further advances while reflecting on ourselves and going back to the basics.

and raw material costs had a significant impact on our business activities.

Amid these harsh business conditions, we have been conducting business management based on business structural reform and improvement of corporate constitution under our Mid-term Management Policy "BREAKTHROUGH 2024." Driven by robust demand in semiconductor-related markets, our consolidated performance in fiscal 2022 significantly exceeded that of the previous fiscal year. Net sales increased 13.4% from the previous fiscal year to ¥35,799 million, and ordinary profit increased 13.7% to ¥5,042 million.

Nippon Carbon Co., Ltd. Integrated Report 2023

President's Greetings

Progress on Mid-term Management Policy

We have made significant progress on business structural reform through business development focused on growth markets.

As for business structural reform, we have five strategies underway to target growth markets, such as carbon neutrality and DX, making the best use of our management resources.

Out of these, we have been actively developing our carbon fiber products business by utilizing our overseas subsidiaries and capital investments to become number one in the world. Our sales expansion activities in Japan and overseas, especially in growth industries such as semiconductors and power semiconductors, along with successful long-standing capital investments, pushed our sales of carbon fiber products to a record high in fiscal 2022. At the same time, the increased demand has brought various issues to the surface. Needless to say, overseas business development is essential to become number one in the world. While executing capital investments at the Shiga and Shirakawa plants, which are our domestic production bases, we will aggressively direct

investment of resources toward overseas markets to expand our business further.

To improve quality and thereby strengthen our competitiveness in the artificial graphite electrode market, we entered into a capital and business alliance with SEC Carbon, Ltd. in 2022. Currently, we are working to improve quality while mutually sharing our respective technologies and know-how. In addition to strengthening our competitiveness, we are cooperating to achieve carbon neutrality, including developing technologies for fixing carbon dioxide and reducing energy consumption.

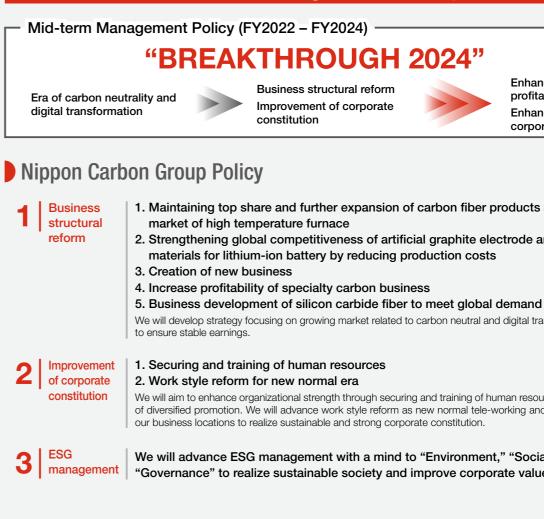
As for silicon carbide fiber products, demand is returning along with the recovery of the aviation industry. However, profitability has deteriorated due to rising energy costs and other factors. We are making steady preparations for full-scale market expansion in the future while working to reduce costs so that we do not miss the timing.

With an eye to the future, we are working to improve our corporate constitution based on the concept of reaping abundant rewards from a single productive endeavor.

There is a four-character phrase in the Chinese classic philosophical text Guanzi that means "a hundred harvests from a single tree" or "reaping abundant rewards from a single productive endeavor." This term is used as an analogy for the fact that developing human resources will eventually bring about significant benefits. The same can be said about companies. I believe the essence of a company is its human resources and that securing and developing them

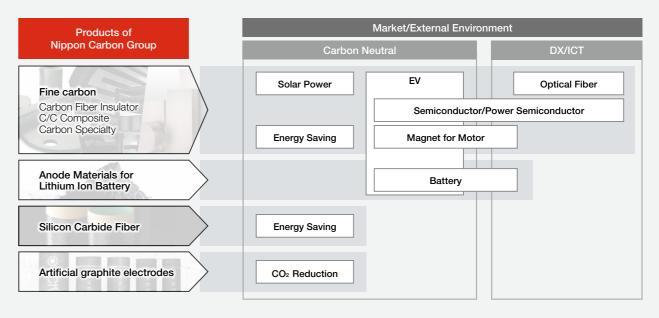
is an extremely important theme when it comes to building a strong and enduring corporate constitution. As I mentioned last year, we have been working on promoting women for quite some time and have established an environment conducive to women playing an active role. We have several leave systems for caring for children in addition to the regular paid leave system, making it easy to work after taking maternity or childcare leave. In fiscal 2022, four

In terms of Mid-term Management Policy



External Environment and Products of Nippon Carbon Group

Nippon Carbon Group will contribute to realize Carbon Neutral and DX Society through supplying carbon materials for manufacturing solar power device, semiconductor and energy saving at various industries as show below.



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Enhancement of profitability Enhancement of corporate value

- 1. Maintaining top share and further expansion of carbon fiber products at the global
- 2. Strengthening global competitiveness of artificial graphite electrode and anode
- We will develop strategy focusing on growing market related to carbon neutral and digital transformation aiming

We will aim to enhance organizational strength through securing and training of human resources and execution of diversified promotion. We will advance work style reform as new normal tele-working and review function of

We will advance ESG management with a mind to "Environment," "Social" and "Governance" to realize sustainable society and improve corporate value.

President's Greetings

female employees utilized the maternity and childcare leave systems, and we expect them to play an active role upon returning next year or later. We are also working on creating a system for long-term care to prepare an environment where all employees can continue working.

As for human resource development, we are promoting a fundamental review of our evaluation system in addition to enhancing various employee education and training programs. We intend to make it more conducive to employee growth and will revise it next year. In 2022, two office technical staff were switched to managerial track positions at their own request. In this way, we want our employees to be proactive in taking advantage of opportunities to expand their horizons according to their own wishes and aptitudes. We also give younger employees responsibilities by actively assigning them tasks so that they can work with a sense of purpose and satisfaction.

By focusing on human resources, which are essential to corporate management, we will work to further enhance Nippon Carbon's organizational strength.

We will work to further enhance our corporate value by contributing to building a sustainable society.

You may not often come across products from the Nippon Carbon Group in your day-to-day life, but our products play a role in addressing environmental issues that are occurring on a global level. In particular, we are contributing to achieving carbon neutrality and realizing a DX society through the manufacturing processes of products such as solar power generation equipment, semiconductors, and electric vehicle components, as well as energy-saving measures in various industries. However, manufacturing products necessarily involves the generation of CO2. Our challenge going forward will be how to strike a proper balance. To address this, we are looking into measures to reduce greenhouse gas emissions (Scope 1 and Scope 2). We are also working on the joint development of environmental technology for carbon neutrality with SEC Carbon, Ltd., with whom we have formed a capital and business alliance. By further accelerating these activities, we will contribute to building a sustainable society.

To increase corporate value, it is important to engage in initiatives that focus on human resources

and governance, which are fundamental components of corporate management. As mentioned earlier, we believe that the essence of a company is its human resources, and we seek to secure and develop human resources accordingly. My current goal is to create a work environment where employees can fully demonstrate their potential and work with a sense of fulfillment.

Based on our Management Philosophy, we are working to build an effective system of governance to strengthen our competitiveness. This involves enhancing the transparency and fairness of management and organically linking everything from supervision to front-line business execution to gain the support of all stakeholders and realize sustainable improvement of corporate value. In addition, we appointed a female officer as an Outside Director in March 2022. She monitors corporate management from an objective and unprecedented perspective, giving us her frank opinions. This has led to the improvement of the supervisory function of the Board of Directors.

Conclusion

Disrupting the status quo with new ideas

Since our listing on the Tokyo Stock Exchange in 1949, we have pioneered the carbon industrial field, navigating the times together with our shareholders and investors. We selected the Prime Market and transitioned from the First Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange following the market reclassifications in 2022. While we expect to gain greater social credibility as a company, we will have to work harder than ever to build trust with our shareholders and investors.

The business environment surrounding the Nippon Carbon Group continues to undergo significant transformation on a global level. We believe the key to evolving into a corporate group capable of sustainable growth in these times of unpredictable change is to be willing to break away from the status quo without getting hung up on the way things have always been done. Based on this, I feel that fiscal 2022, the first

Nippon Carbon Co., Ltd. Representative Director, CEO

Takafumi Miyashita

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year of our Mid-term Management Policy, was a year where every employee, including myself, boldly took on challenges with a sense of ownership. Over the past year, I have become keenly aware that the individual growth of each employee serves as a significant driving force for the Company's sustainable growth. Going forward, I remain committed to pursuing challenges as a company that contributes to society with technology without settling for the status quo. To this end, we will develop new products that meet the needs of the times and supply products with a focus on strict quality and consideration for the environment. At the same time, we will work on realizing international cost competitiveness and promote human resource development to make it all possible.

I ask all of our stakeholders for their continued support in these efforts.



Growth Strategy

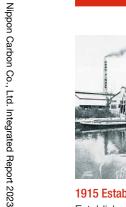
The History of Nippon Carbon

Founded in 1915, Nippon Carbon is the oldest carbon manufacturer in Japan. Our Company boasts a long history and tradition. Beginning with the successful commercialization of Japan's first artificial graphite electrodes, we have consistently developed new carbon products and new materials, contributing to society as a comprehensive manufacturer of carbon products.

Founding of Nippon Carbon and promotion of domestic production

Rapid growth and endeavors toward new technologies





1915 Establishment of Nippon Carbon Establishment of headquarters and plant in Yokohama, and start of manufacturing of natural graphite electrodes



1934 Increased production of artificial graphite electrodes

Establishment of the Toyama Plant and start of manufacturing of artificial graphite electrodes to meet rapid increase in demand



1966 Commercialization of apex seals Development of aluminum-carbon composite material to overcome the wear known as "devil's nail marks" in rotary engine housings



1985 Receipt of Deming Application Prize Receipt of Deming Application Prize, the world's highest award for quality control

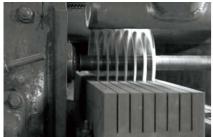


1988 Commercialization of C/C composite Start of mass production of "CCM" C/C composite



1927 Successful manufacturing of artificial graphite electrodes

Successful manufacturing of Japan's first 6-inch to 12-inch artificial graphite electrodes



1930 Successful manufacturing of artificial graphite electrolytic plates Start of manufacturing of Japan's first artificial graphite electrolytic plates



1949 Commercialization of impervious graphite

Start of production of "RESBON" impervious graphite for chemical plants: start of operation of first domestically produced hydrochloric acid absorption tower



1962 Commercialization of carbon fiber Successful commercialization of low strength PAN-based carbon fiber, a first in Japan



1974 Commercialization of flexible graphite sealing material

Commercialization of "NICAFILM" graphite sealing material that combines the properties of graphite with flexibility



1981 Launch of plant for mass production of silicon carbide fiber

Completion and launch of world's first plant for mass production of "Nicalon" silicon carbide fiber



1985 Mass production of carbon fiber thermal insulating material Start of mass production of carbon fiber thermal insulating material



1996 Commercialization of lithium-ion battery anode materials Start of mass production of lithium-ion battery anode materials at Toyama Plant



1986 Successful launch of the first H-I rocket

Successful launch of the H-I rocket, which used carbon fiber thermal insulating material in the rocket nozzle



2003 Start of integrated production of special carbon materials

Establishment of Nippon Techno-Carbon Co.,Ltd. as a joint venture with the current NIPPON STEEL Chemical & Material Co., Ltd.; start of integrated production of special carbon materials





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Business expansion and improvement of corporate constitution



2003-2011 Increase in production capacity for carbon fiber thermal insulating materials and C/C composites

Roughly five-fold increase in production capacity for carbon fiber thermal insulating materials and C/C composites (compared to 2003)





2006 Commercialization of carbon short fiber thermal insulating material

Commercialization of thermal insulating materials made from short carbon fibers, a first in Japan



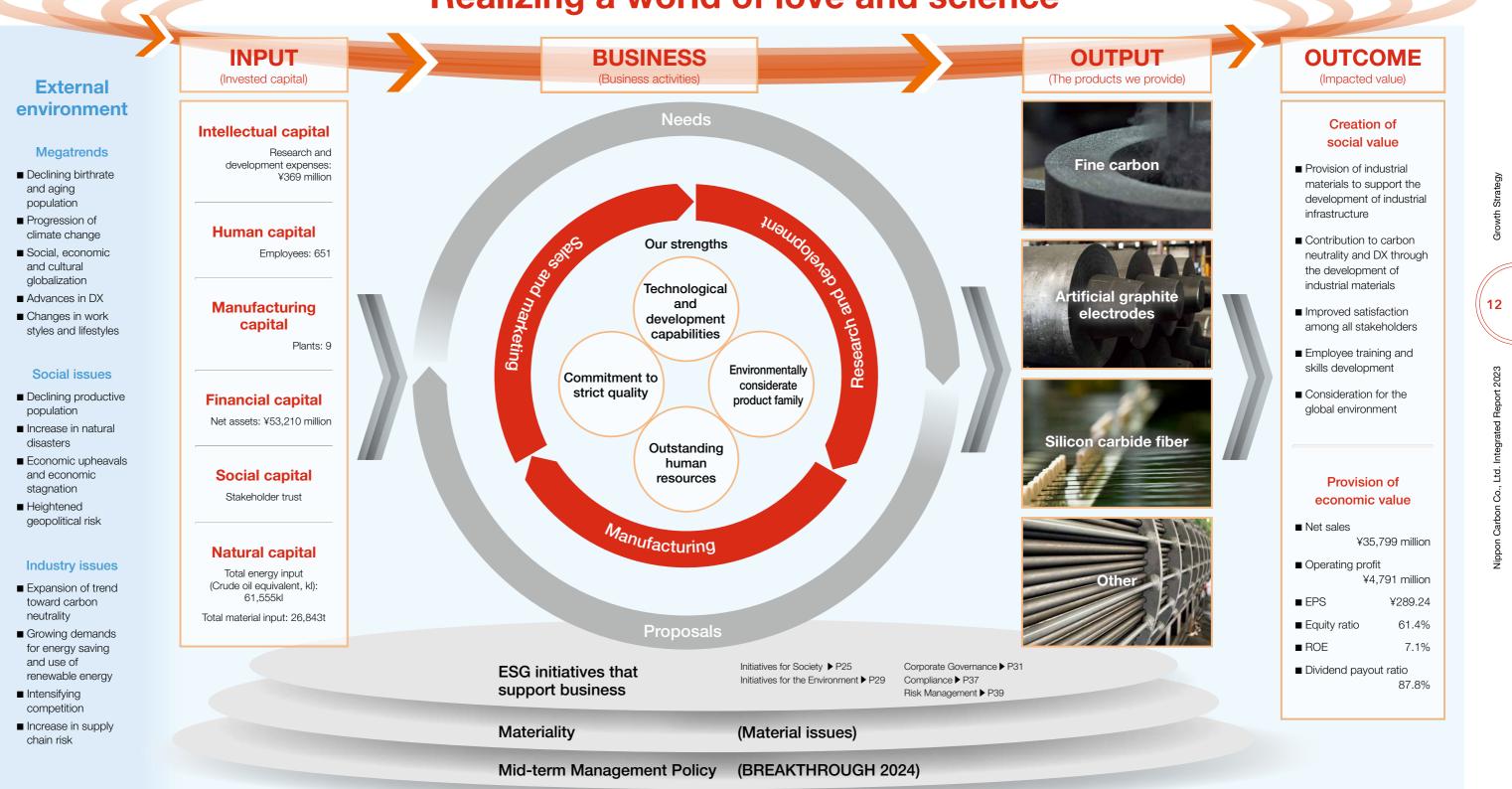
2012 Increased production of silicon carbide fiber

Establishment of NGS Advanced Fibers Co., Ltd., a joint venture with General Electric Company and Safran S.A., to increase production of "Nicalon" silicon carbide fiber

Value Creation Process

The Nippon Carbon Group is a pioneer in the carbon industrial field. With a spirit of challenge and a passion for carbon, we will provide products and related services that offer new value, evolve into a Group able to grow sustainably, and contribute to harmony between people and the environment, the building of a prosperous society, and the creation of the future.

Realizing a world of love and science



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Growth Strategy

Materiality

We find ourselves now in a period of change, as seen in the acceleration of initiatives aimed at carbon neutrality and DX. Working through the process outlined below, the Nippon Carbon Group has identified the materiality (i.e., the priority issues) that we need to tackle to

achieve our management philosophy of "A company with dreams and technologies to realize a world of love and science." We will continue actively working to solve social issues and bring about a sustainable society.

3 Securing and training of human resources

Promotion of fair and proper transactions

Achievement of flexible production systems

Strengthening of marketing

The process of identifying materiality The materialit Selection of dentification o Evaluation of social issue ndidates for andidates for ateriality by top and socia materiality materiality change of priorities We analyzed the social Keeping our manage- We evaluated the mate-Project members with Following discussions of conditions surrounding the ment philosophy, Mid-term riality candidates on our knowledge of the busithe appropriateness of the Nippon Carbon Group and Management Policy, various list. We took a medium- to ness and the work of the materiality matrix, top manguidelines, ESG investment long-term perspective to Nippon Carbon Group held agement ultimately identified changes in the business environment to identify evaluation metrics, and perform evaluation along repeated discussions on 11 material issues keywords related to social other key matters foremost two axes: importance to materiality candidates and issues and changes. in mind, we scrutinized the the Nippon Carbon Group the results of evaluation. 200 or so keywords that we and importance to stakehad identified and selected holders. 24 materiality candidates. Materiality matrix See the next page for details on the identified materiality Contribution to a decarbonized society 1 Provision of safe, reliable, and high-quality products and services 8 Adaptation to climate change Conservation of 2 Development of innovative technologies and new Ontribution to a recycling-based society hindiversity products and services 4 Respect for human rights **5** Development of technologies and products in 10 Promotion of CSR procurement harmony with the environment Promotion of diversity and inclusion Achievement of comfortable workplace 6 Prevention of environmental pollution (air, environments water, soil)

Maintenance and enhancement of occupational

safety and health

Coexistence with communities

Promotion of global business development

Promotion of disaster readiness and mitigation

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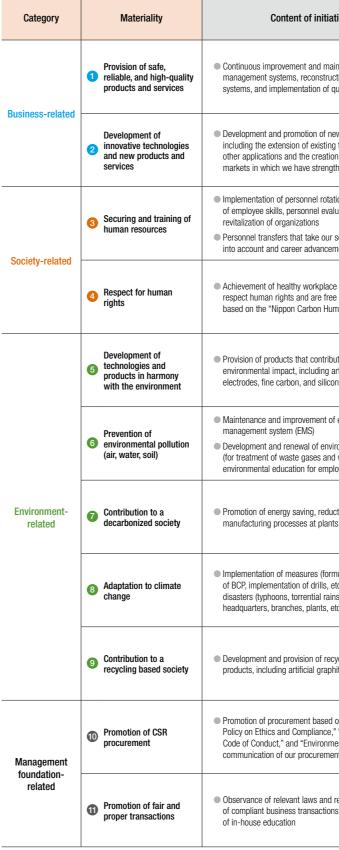
Fundamentals of corporate manage

Elevation of corporate governance Observance of compliance Strengthening of risk management

Strengthening of information security

Details of the identified materiality

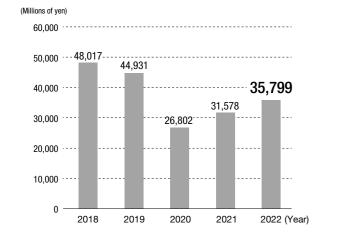
For the identified materiality, we summarized our efforts to address them and the expected effects of those efforts.



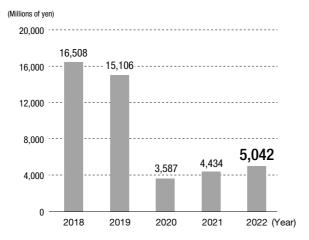
| atives | Effects expected from the initiative | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| aintenance of uction of production quality improvements | Expansion of share and increase in sales through the enhancement of customer satisfaction | | |
| new technologies, ng technologies into ion of new products in gths | Expansion of share, sales growth, and business diversification Expansion of employment in local communities and returns to shareholders | | |
| ation for enhancement aluations, and r self-reporting system ement based on these | Enhancement of productivity, quality of products and services, etc. | | |
| ce environments that ee of discrimination, uman Rights Policy" | Reduction of human rights risks in the value chain Securing of stable business activities and product supply, and maintenance of corporate value | | |
| bute to reducing artificial graphite con carbide fiber | Expansion of share, sales growth, and business diversification through development of new products Contribution to customers' efforts to reduce environmental impacts | | |
| of environmental | Enhancement of competitiveness for environmentally considerate products and business | | |
| vironmental equipment nd wastewater, etc.) and ployees | Enhancement of efficiency through the renewal and introduction of environment-related equipment and systems | | |
| uction of waste, etc. in nts | Enhancement of competitiveness for environmentally considerate products and business Conservation of the global environment and reduction of impacts | | |
| rmulation and review etc.) to combat natural ins, floods, etc.) at etc. | Stabilization of production structure, maintenance and securing of supply chain Maintenance of stable supply of products and services | | |
| ecycling-related ohite electrodes | Achievement of energy saving and improvement of recycling efficiency in the steelmaking industry | | |
| d on our "Basic »," "Nippon Carbon mental Policy," and ent policy to suppliers | Reduction of ESG-related risks in the supply chain Promotion of activities for the reduction of environmental impacts and enhancement of awareness, including by business partners | | |
| d regulations, practice ons, and implementation | Building of long-term, stable business relationships Reduction of risks including fines, lawsuits, and compensation for damage | | |
| | | | |

2022 Financial and Non-Financial Highlights

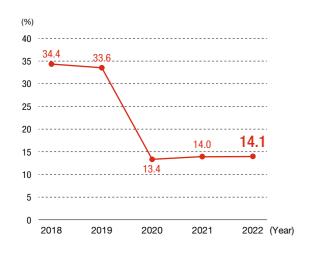
Net sales



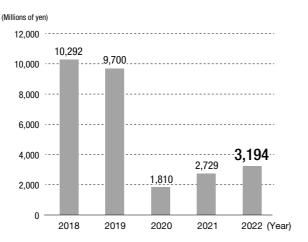
Ordinary profit



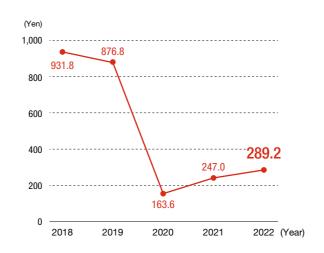
Return on sales



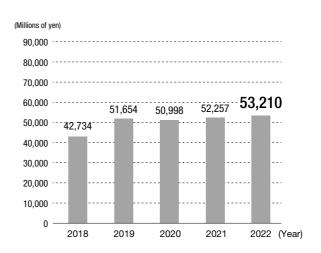
Profit attributable to owners of parent



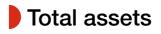
Earnings per share

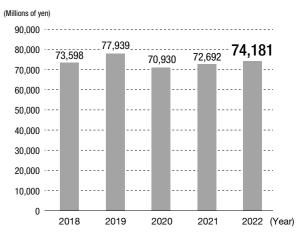


Net assets

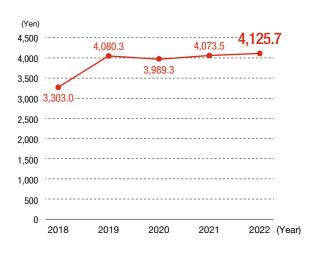


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Net assets per share

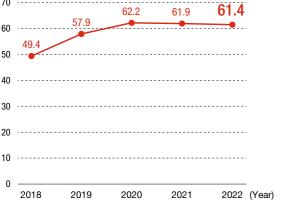


Growth Strategy

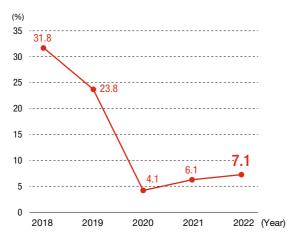
2022 Financial and Non-Financial Highlights



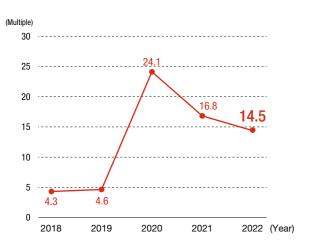
Equity ratio



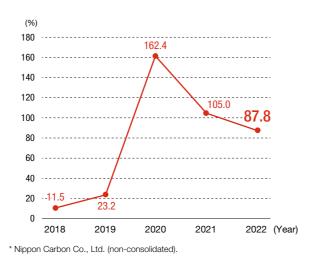
Return on equity



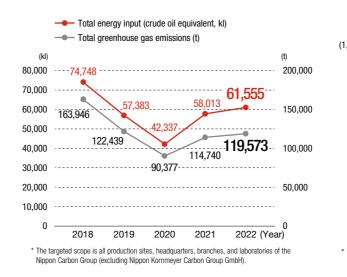
Price-earnings ratio (PER)



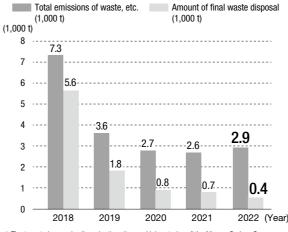




Total energy input (crude oil equivalent) / Total greenhouse gas emissions



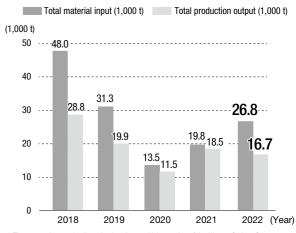
Total emissions of waste, etc. / Amount of final waste disposal



^{*} The targeted scope is all production sites and laboratories of the Nippon Carbon Group (excluding Nippon Kornmeyer Carbon Group GmbH).

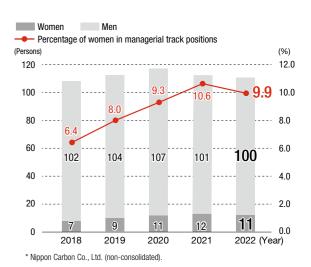
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The targeted scope is all production sites and laboratories of the Nippon Carbon Group (excluding Nippon Kornmeyer Carbon Group GmbH).

Change in the number of women in managerial track positions



Growth Strategy

Business Outline

Carbon product business Fine carbon products

Our main fine carbon products are carbon fiber thermal insulating materials, special carbon materials, and C/C composites. Carbon's extremely high heat resistance and excellent chemical stability make it an indispensable material in many industries, including the semiconductor, solar cell, optical fiber, LED, ceramic, and metal heat treatment industries. Demand for carbon is growing in advanced industrial fields such as SiC power semiconductors.

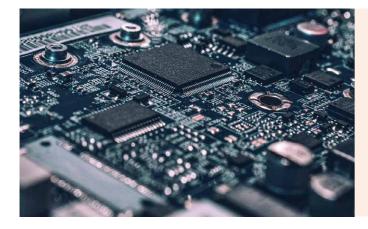


Business overview

In 2022, demand growth was seen in a wide range of sectors as a result of the global economic recovery. In semiconductor-related markets, although there was a reactionary decline in demand in some areas, demand for fine carbon products expanded with active capital investment for the future. As a result, sales and profit increased from the previous fiscal year.

Business outlook

Demand in semiconductor-related markets is expected to persist over the medium to long term as IoT, AI, and next-generation communication networks become more prevalent. In the near term, we expect the business to expand due to robust demand for nextgeneration SiC power semiconductors for use in rapidly growing transportation equipment applications, such as electric vehicles, and in infrastructure applications, such as power generation facilities. We are actively undertaking capital investment to meet this demand.



Example application

PC semiconductor manufacturing components

Equipment used to manufacture silicon ingots for semiconductors requires a material that is resistant to heat and contains few impurities. Carbon is the only material that satisfies these requirements. It is utilized in various components of equipment such as heaters, insulators, structural materials, and jig materials.

Carbon product business Artificial graphite electrodes

Artificial graphite electrodes are used as steelmaking electrodes, generating arcs when recycling steel scrap in electric furnaces. They do not melt even at furnace temperatures of roughly 1,500°C and are strong enough to withstand collisions with steel scrap inside the furnace. Not only do they support the steel industry, which is a key industry, but they also play a role in creating a recycling-oriented society. In addition, because electric furnaces emit less CO₂ than blast furnaces, steel production using artificial graphite electrodes helps contribute to carbon neutrality.



Business overview

In 2022, electric furnace crude steel production in Japan declined slightly from the previous year. Sales and profit decreased from the previous fiscal year. This resulted from inexpensive artificial graphite electrode imports, which hampered domestic price increases, as well as higher raw material and energy prices.



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Business outlook

It is said that electric furnace steelmaking emits only a quarter of the CO_2 emissions of blast furnace steelmaking. The global trend toward a carbon-neutral society has resulted in the replacement of blast furnaces with electric furnaces and the establishment of specific plans to expand large electric furnaces. Based on such trends, we expect demand to increase in the future.

Example application

Steel frame material for buildings and structures

Artificial graphite electrodes are the only products in practical use that are suitable for use under the conditions within electric furnaces that melt down steel scrap for recycling. They are used in the production of H-beams, steel sheet piles, steel bars, and other steel products, providing behindthe-scenes support for the development of social infrastructure such as buildings, houses, and other living facilities, roads, and ports.

Business Outline

Carbon product business Lithium-ion battery anode material

Lithium-ion batteries charge and discharge through the occlusion and release of lithium ions by graphite powder. They are used in electric vehicles, mobile phones, and other applications for their energy density, which outstrips that of other types of battery.



Business overview

As was the case in the previous year, automobile production was adjusted in 2022 due to the shortage of semiconductors. Sales and profit decreased from the previous fiscal year as a result of weak anode material sales due to lower production of batteries for automotive applications and higher energy costs.

Business outlook

Demand for anode materials is expected to rise steadily as the lithium-ion battery market expands. However, competition over market share is intensifying due to the aggressive push of inexpensive Chinese-made anode materials. We will continue to provide high-grade anode material while working to secure new customers.



Example application

Battery anode material for electric vehicles and more

Lithium-ion batteries are used in electric vehicles. Anode materials, in particular, are one of the most indispensable materials for improving battery quality, and our product is a key material for the industries that will lead the next generation.

Silicon carbide product business Silicon carbide fiber

Nicalon silicon carbide fiber is a unique and excellent material that combines the high strength and elastic modulus of ceramics and stability in high-temperature atmospheres with the flexible form of fibers. The use of Nicalon as a composite material together with ceramic and metal yields properties not achievable with existing materials.

Business overview

The recovery of global economic activity and the easing of behavioral restrictions have led to a rally in demand in the aircraft industry. Sales increased compared to the previous fiscal year in conjunction with progress made on inventory adjustments by major customers. On the other hand, profit decreased due to higher energy costs and lower production efficiency arising from production adjustments.



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Business outlook

State-of-the-art composites that use silicon carbide fiber are said to substantially improve fuel economy compared to existing materials. The aircraft industry is expected to see continued growth. Amid these circumstances, applications for advanced composite materials using silicon carbide fiber are expanding for the creation of a carbon-neutral society. As such, we expect demand to increase in line with future market growth.

Example application

State-of-the-art aircraft engine parts

Nicalon silicon carbide fiber is stable even in hightemperature atmospheres of hundreds of degrees above 1,000°C. Composite materials made from this fiber and ceramics are used in aircraft engine parts, enabling not only weight reduction of the aircraft body but also significant improvements in part durability and fuel efficiency.

Business Outline

Other businesses Industrial equipment

Our RESBON impermeable graphite is made through the impregnation of artificial graphite with a special synthetic resin. Artificial graphite combines outstanding resistance to corrosion by chemicals, good thermal conductivity, and heat resistance with high airtightness. Many chemical plants use heat exchangers and absorbers made with RESBON for its resistance to chemical corrosion.



Business overview

Demand for heat exchangers remained firm from the previous year under planned capital investments in the chemical industry and other basic industries. Sales and profit also increased from the previous fiscal year due to robust manufacturing and sales of general industrial equipment.

Business outlook

Demand for industrial equipment is expected to remain firm without significant fluctuations. At the same time, we believe that trends in the prices of materials and energy used in manufacturing may increase depending on social conditions. We will continue to review our manufacturing costs to establish a strong production base that is not affected by social conditions.



Example application

Components of petrochemical manufacturing equipment

The petrochemical industry produces a wide range of chemical products, from synthetic resins to synthetic fiber raw materials and synthetic rubber. In addition to resistance to chemical corrosion, carbon has good thermal conductivity, heat resistance, and high airtightness. For this reason, it is used as a component in heat exchangers and other equipment at petrochemical plants, where it ensures safety and peace of mind in the handling of hazardous chemicals under harsh conditions.

Research and development

Nippon Carbon is always tackling the challenge of developing new carbon products and materials, engaging in the research and development of products that meet diversifying market needs. Applications for carbon are steadily expanding against a backdrop of environmental issues and energy saving. Given this environment, we are actively engaging in research and development with the aim of extending existing technologies into other applications and creating new products in markets in which we have strengths.



Business overview

Our laboratories shoulder the innovation functions that support sustainable growth for our existing products and that continue to create new business domains. With our laboratories at the center, we share information with universities and other research institutes, national and regional government bodies, and private sector companies while coordinating among our workplaces' technical departments to advance proprietary technological development.



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Business outlook

Our research and development expenses in fiscal 2022 were ¥369 million. Our research and development activities are focused on industries related to energy saving and the electrification of automobiles. We are developing new products aimed at achieving a carbonneutral society. To meet the diverse needs of our customers, we are also developing new technologies that lead to higher performance and reduced costs in existing products.



Growth Strategy

Initiatives for Society

We will achieve a company in which all employees can fully demonstrate their abilities and can engage in work with pride and motivation.

Respect for human rights

Human Rights Policy

With the understanding that our business activities may have direct or indirect impacts on human rights, we established the "Nippon Carbon Human Rights Policy" to clearly communicate our stance of respecting the human rights of all people involved in our business. Under this policy, we engage in initiatives that work toward respect for human rights.

1. Fundamental concepts

We support and respect international norms concerning human rights, including the International Bill of Human Rights and the International Labour Organization (ILO) Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work. We engage in business activities in accordance with the United Nations Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights. Specifically, we strive for respect for basic human rights: the prohibition of discrimination. harassment, and violence on the basis of race, nationality, gender, religion, creed, etc.; the promotion of diversity; the prohibition of child labor and forced labor (including human trafficking); the prohibition of unreasonable restrictions on movement; respect for freedom of association and collective bargaining rights in accordance with local laws and regulations; payment of wages equal to or above statutory wages to employees; prevention of overwork and provision of appropriate days off; the securing of occupational safety and health; the prevention of occupational accidents; and the protection of privacy.

2. Scope of application

The policy applies to all officers and employees of the Company. We also encourage our business partners to strive toward respect for human rights.

3. Human rights due diligence

We work to construct and implement human rights due diligence mechanisms for the purpose of identifying adverse impacts on human rights. If it becomes clear that our activities have caused or contributed to an adverse impact on human rights, we will work to prevent or mitigate those impacts.

4. Awareness-building activities

We will conduct continuous awareness-building activities to deepen our officers' and employees' understanding of international norms regarding human rights, and to enable them to respond appropriately to related issues.

5. Dialogue with stakeholders

Through our website and other means, we will communicate information to stakeholders about the human rights initiatives. In our initiatives, we will make use of the human rights-related expertise of outside experts and will engage in dialogues with employees, suppliers, and other stakeholders whose human rights currently are or could be affected by our business activities.

6. Compliance with applicable laws and regulations, etc. We will comply with national and regional laws and regulations that apply to our business activities. When contradictions exist between internationally recognized human rights and national laws and regulations, we will seek ways to respect international principles of human rights.

Securing and training of human resources

Approach to human resource development

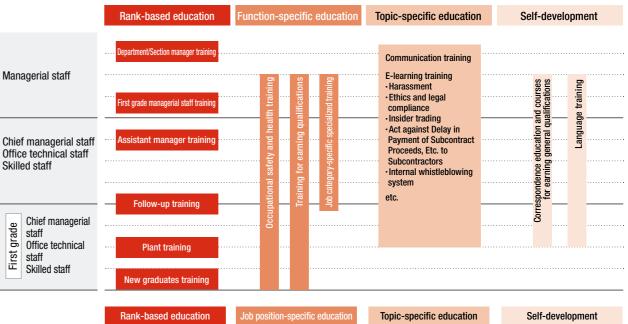
We employ diverse human resources regardless of gender, nationality, and other characteristics. Our aim is to develop human resources who set high personal goals and work with enthusiasm, even when faced with difficulties, to persevere in achieving those goals.

We promote communication that transcends organizations and generations and work to foster a corporate culture in which people can freely express their thoughts. We connect these actions to the energizing of our corporate activities and the achievement of our corporate goals.

Education programs

Our Company offers wide-ranging rank-based training programs that span new graduates training to senior managerial staff training, matched to age and position. In addition to education programs for acquiring licenses and national qualifications required for job positions, in line with the current business environment we have introduced topic specific education programs to develop human resources capable of responding to anticipated future situations and a program that allows employees to undergo outside training in line with personal wishes.

Education programs



This education program management level

This is an education program is tailored to the roles for acquiring licenses and repeatedly in response to to undergo outside education demanded of employees and national gualifications required changing times, societal our vision for them, at every for job positions, qualifications demands, issues in company needed for plant operation, etc. management, etc.

Promotion of diversity and inclusion

Approach to diversity and inclusion

To build a business structure capable of flexibly and speedily adapting to the rapidly changing market environment, we actively and continuously recruit and appoint diverse human resources that include women, foreign nationals, and others with varied work backgrounds. We are also developing workplace environments that allow all employees to fully utilize their capabilities and distinctive traits. Our selection criteria for managerial staff do not distinguish on the basis of gender or new graduates versus mid-career hires.

Active participation by women

In order to double the number of women in managerial staff positions as of fiscal 2021 by 2030, we are making every effort to recruit female managerial track employees who are candidates for managerial staff positions.

Support for work-life balance

We established our General Employer Action Plan to address matters related to employees' work and childcare, as follows. Specifically, we have set and are working to meet targets for improving the percentage of men taking leave for childcare and for relaxing restrictions on the number of times that childcare leave is allowed.

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This training is offered

This program allows employees in line with personal wishes.

Action Plan based on the Act on Advancement of Measures to Support Raising Next-Generation Children

- 1. Period of plan Two years from June 1, 2021 to May 31, 2023
- 2. Content

Target 1 Improving the percentage of men taking leave for childcare

⇒ 10% or more of male employees with children below elementary school age

Measures

• July 2021: Creation of a pamphlet with information on the program; distribution to employees

Target 2 Relaxation of restrictions on number of times childcare leave can be taken

Design of program that exceeds legal requirements

Measures

- From June 2021: Investigation of in-house needs; start of examination of program expansion
- From March 2022: Discussions with labor union
- December 2022: Implementation of program changes
- From March 2023: Implementation of program

Initiatives for Society

Achievement of comfortable workplace environments

Approach to work style reform (work style innovation, etc.)

Our Company will review the functions of its headquarters and other work sites to effect improvements aimed at a lasting and strong corporate constitution. We are also making efforts to enhance employee benefits, leaves, and training programs with the aim of raising work efficiency and creating a stress-free environment within the Company. We are actively promoting the use of maternity, childcare, and long-term care leaves, as well as return to work after gaps. We will strive to achieve workplace environments that consider work-life balance so that all employees can play active roles and grow, unbound by preconceptions and constraints.

Building a foundation for comfortable workplaces

To create workplaces that facilitate work, we have established leave programs as follows.

Leave programs

- Annual paid leave: Acquisition rate 61.03%, Average number of days taken: 11.9 days
- (Fiscal 2022 results)
- Childcare leave: 6 persons (over the past 5 years)
- Long-term care leave:
 - 0 persons (over the past 5 years)

In response to an in-house questionnaire concerning the workplace atmosphere, the top three descriptions were "cozy," "individualistic," and "open."

How would you describe the workplace atmosphere in one word?



Programs to support balancing childcare/ long-term care with work

Nippon Carbon makes efforts to support employees who balance work with childcare or long-term care so that they can keep working. Almost all female employees who experience childbirth take prenatal and postnatal maternity leave, and childcare leave afterward. We also support childcare by men, based on the action plan we put into motion in June 2021 to promote childcare leave for male employees. Moreover, we also introduced a flextime program and reduced working hours for employees who provide childcare or long-term care.

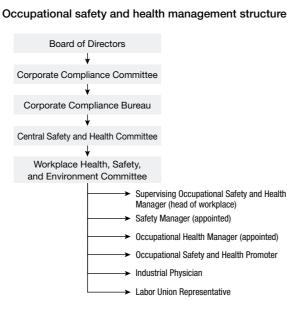
Maintenance and enhancement of occupational safety and health

Occupational safety and health management policy

We aim to ensure the safety and health of employees at our workplaces through the promotion of comprehensive measures for the prevention of occupational accidents. We established a Central Safety and Health Committee that seeks to create comfortable workplace environments. Every year, this committee conducts surveys and deliberates on matters such as companywide fiscal year policy regarding occupational safety and health, prevention of accidents and illness, and widening occupational safety and health awareness.

Occupational safety and health management structure

In order to systematize our organizations that carry out occupational safety and health activities and to implement efficient organizational management, we have established a Central Safety and Health Committee chaired by the President or by an Executive Officer.



Central Safety and Health Committee

The Central Safety and Health Committee enacts comprehensive measures for the prevention of occupational accidents and the creation of comfortable workplace environments.

Fiscal 2022 Central Safety and Health Committee Policy

- 1. Enhancement of safety awareness
- Strengthening, tracking, and raising awareness of safety-first initiatives
- (Improvement of sense of ownership and responsibility of managerial staff, staff, foremen, and subcontractor leaders)
- (2) Strengthening of safety education
- Steady implementation of safety training at the time of hiring and reassignment and tracking of the status of practical application at work (Safety education for unskilled and foreign workers)
- Education and securing of the safety of workplace equipment and tasks by employees (Promotion of education using risk assessment for managerial staff, staff, and relocated personnel, as well as training on equipment functions and safety devices in their workplaces)

2. Strengthening of proactive safety activities

- (1) Effective use of risk assessments and establishment at work sites
- (Promotion of disaster and near-miss prevention through re-inspection of risk measures identified in risk assessments, etc.)
- (Transition from administrative measures to proactive promotion of engineering-based solutions for improvements)
- *Deletion of risk assessment patrol items
- (Sharing and improvement of awareness of hazardous areas and unsafe behaviors through risk assessment patrols)
- (2) Strengthening of hazard prediction activities
- Thorough implementation of pre-work hazard prediction and toolbox meetings
- (Always perform for non-routine work as well) (3) Establishment of 4S through normalization of 3S
- activities
- Promotion of health and hygiene management

 Tracking of health checkup results and enforcement
 of secondary checkups
 - (2) Initiatives aimed at comfortable workplace environments
 Thorough management of overtime and holiday work to prevent long working hours
 - Ongoing initiatives to combat infectious diseases
 (3) Promotion of health management for elderly workers
 - Promotion of measures to reduce physical exhaustion and loss of concentration (rest, replenishment, etc.)

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Occupational safety and health activities

As one of the activities of the Central Safety and Health Committee, we conduct study sessions on laws, regulations, and everyday management related to occupational safety and health for managerial and other staff. For young and inexperienced employees in particular, we use the New Occupational Safety and Health Guidebook, created independently by the Central Safety and Health Committee, as a part of our efforts to prevent occupational accidents.

In addition, we continue to implement initiatives to improve hygiene awareness from the standpoint of preventing the spread of infectious diseases.

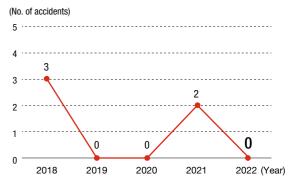
Occupational safety and health management measures Our Company engages in activities based on the Central Safety and Health Committee Policy. Working primarily through individual plants' Central Safety and Health Committees, we create and implement action plans that cover how each policy measure will be put into operation.

Our Central Safety and Health Committee also conducts safety audits of the implementation status of safety management systems and safety activities at plants. When occupational safety and health activities are found to be inadequate, we enact management measures that require the ongoing submission of improvement plans and training records.

Occupational safety and health activities at plants

Based on our Central Safety and Health Policy, our plants establish Plant Occupational Health, Safety, and Environmental Management Regulations that specify the content and methods of operation of activities with consideration of the living environment of local communities, the assurance of employees' safety and health, and the prevention of industrial accidents. Plant Health, Safety, and Environment Committees, chaired by plant managers, meet monthly to report and deliberate on occupational safety and health matters. The results of these meetings are communicated throughout the plants.

Changes in number of occupational accidents



* Nippon Carbon Co., Ltd. (non-consolidated) (leave from work of 4 days or longer).

Initiatives for the Environment

We fully realize that the Company operates in an industry that consumes a lot of energy and resources and is not able to survive without co-existence and co-prosperity with the surrounding areas. In order to hand over the home of all humankind, in other words, the Earth, to the next generations, the Environmental Philosophy has been established and environmental management activities are encouraged.

Environmental Philosophy

Nippon Carbon pursues technologies in harmony with the environment and aims at realizing a society that allows affluent, fruitful lives.

Environmental Policy

Based on the Environmental Philosophy, we define the Environmental Policy that acts as the driving force to maintain and improve environmental performance by constructing and modifying the environmental administration system, and thus develops its activities.

Enhancement and strengthening of environmental management structure

The organization to conduct environmental conservation activities is systematized for maintenance and improvement of the Environmental Management System so that eco-friendly corporate activities are deployed.

Compliance with environment-related laws and regulations

Laws, regulations, ordinances, regional agreements, and other rules related to the environment are complied with to prevent pollution and destruction of the natural environment.

Promotion of environmental education and social contribution activities

In order to raise environmental awareness, all employees are educated about environmental management and they also participate in environmental conservation activities, aiming at coexistence with the local community for protection of the environment in the area and for improvement in communication.

Encouragement of environmental conservation activities

We aim to prevent air, river, and soil contamination and pollution in the form of odor and noise, and to reduce volumes of industrial waste.

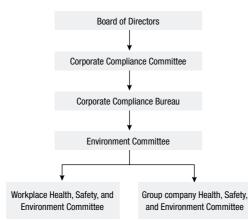
Promotion of efficient use of resources and energy

The amount of resources and energy to use is reduced.

Environmental management structure

Based on our Environmental Philosophy, we make efforts to maintain and improve environmental performance by constructing and modifying the environmental administration system, and thus develop its activities. We have constructed organizations with clearly defined roles, responsibilities, and authorizations based on the ISO 14001 international standard for environmental management systems, and engage in efficient operation of the organizations. The Environment Committee is convened at least once a year. The plant general manager of each plant participates in the meeting to review the appropriateness and effectiveness of work sites' environmental management systems and to follow up activities to control global warming.

Environmental management structure



Development of technologies and products in harmony with the environment

Fine carbon

The Nippon Carbon Group's fine carbon finds wide use in manufacturing processes for solar power generation, LEDs, semiconductors, electric vehicle parts, and other indispensable inputs for the achievement of a carbon neutral society. Fine carbon demand from cutting-edge fields is expected to further increase. We continuously engage in the development of new materials for energy saving, drawing on the many years of experience. Through the supply of fine carbon, the Nippon Carbon Group is contributing to the creation of a carbon neutral society.



Contribution to a decarbonized society

Emissions of greenhouse gases are generally proportional to energy inputs. Our Company has set targets for energy intensity and works to improve our energy efficiency.

We will continue to improve production processes and introduce highly energy-efficient equipment, with a 1% annual reduction in energy intensity as our reduction target.

Contribution to a recycling based society

Every plant sets target values for waste intensity and works to reduce waste. 5R activities include recycling of carbon materials generated in production, reuse initiatives, conversion of waste tar into fuel, and other activities that lead to a recycling-oriented society.

We use water resources primarily for cooling heat treatment furnaces such as firing furnaces and graphite furnaces. We continue undertaking initiatives to effectively minimize water input, through means such as the use of circulation equipment. We also control emissions concentration and water pollution load, which are regulated items under the Water Pollution Prevention Act, to keep these well below the regulatory values.

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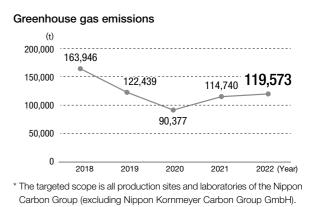
Artificial graphite electrodes

Artificial graphite electrodes are used as electrodes in electric furnaces that melt and recycle steel scrap. Through this reuse, electric furnace-based steelmaking contributes to the creation of a recycling-oriented society. The furnaces also produce only a quarter of the CO_2 emissions of blast furnaces, contributing to the reduction of CO_2 . In Japan and overseas, production is shifting from blast furnaces to electric furnaces. Through the supply of artificial graphite electrodes, the Nippon Carbon Group will contribute to the creation of a sustainable society.

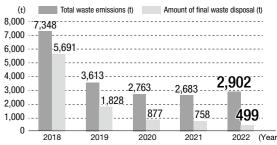
Silicon carbide fiber

Nicalon silicon carbide fiber is a ceramic fiber that maintains outstanding strength and elasticity even in atmospheres hundreds of degrees above 1,000°C. Composite materials made from Nicalon and ceramics are used in aircraft engines, contributing to a 15% improvement in fuel efficiency.

The International Civil Aviation Organization has adopted a 2% annual average fuel efficiency improvement between 2020 and 2050 as a global reduction target. Nicalon silicon carbide fiber is an indispensable material in achieving this target.



Amount of final waste disposal



* The targeted scope is all production sites and laboratories of the Nippon Carbon Group (excluding Nippon Kornmeyer Carbon Group GmbH). Nippon Carbon Co., Ltd.

Corporate Governance

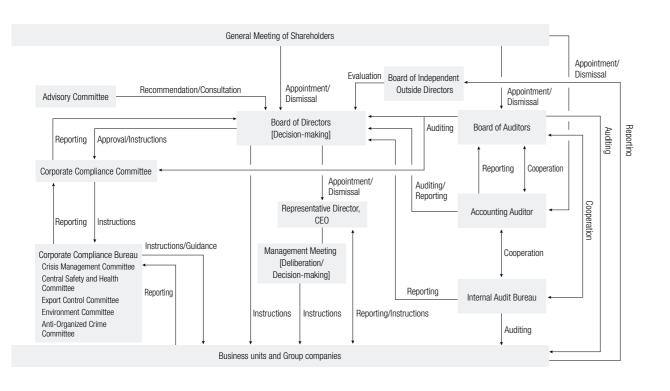
The Nippon Carbon Group aims to achieve its Management Philosophy and recognizes that sustainable growth and enhancement of its corporate value will lead to the maximization of stakeholder interests.

Toward this end, we are working to strengthen our corporate governance to ensure transparency and fairness in our management.

Corporate governance structure

The Nippon Carbon Group will continually work to enhance our corporate governance. From a perspective of stakeholder interests, sustainable growth of the Company, and enhancement of our corporate value, we view ensuring transparency and fairness in decision-making and increasing management vitality through quick and resolute decision-making as central to corporate governance. We are making efforts to strengthen our corporate governance in line with the following basic policies.

- (1) Respect the rights of shareholders and secure their equal treatment.
- (2) Consider the interests of stakeholders including shareholders and cooperate appropriately with the stakeholders.
- (3) Properly disclose the Company's information and ensure transparency.
- (4) Make the Board of Directors' supervision function for business execution effective.
- (5) Through the realization of the Management Philosophy, aim to increase sustainable corporate value and engage in constructive dialogue with shareholders and investors that have investment policies that align with the Management Philosophy.



Overview of organizations

Board of Directors

The Board of Directors consists of Directors who possess skills pertaining to management, global business, legal affairs, and other matters, with half of said Directors appointed as Independent Outside Directors.

The Board of Directors determines basic management policy, receives reports on important matters, and executes the duties of the Board of Directors.

We evaluate the effectiveness of the Board of Directors once a year, confirming and improving its effectiveness through the PDCA cycle.

Management Conference

Management conference is composed primarily of Directors, Auditors, and Executive Officers. It deliberates and issues resolutions on proposals for discussion, following policies decided by the Board of Directors. By delegating wide-ranging authority to the Management Committee, we have established a structure that enables prompt decision-making.

Board of Auditors

Our structure is that of a company with a Board of Auditors, which in principle meets once a month. The audit by the Auditors is conducted by three members with one full-time Auditor and two part-time Auditors (two outside) and is held based on the audit policy and audit plan formulated at the Board of Auditors. Therefore, Board of Auditors play roles in strengthening our auditing structure from an independent standpoint.

Auditors conduct an audit of the legality and validity of Directors' decision-making and execution of the duties mainly by attending meetings of the Board of Directors and other important meetings, hearing opinions from Directors and viewing important approved documents.

Advisory Committee

The Advisory Committee aims to ensure the objectiveness and transparency of the process of determining the amounts of remuneration to Directors as well as of appointing and dismissing Directors. The Advisory Committee consists of a majority of Independent Outside Directors to ensure its independence.

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Accounting audits, Accounting Auditor

Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC has been appointed as Accounting Auditor and conducts an accounting audit.

Corporate Compliance Committee

Viewing thorough compliance with ethics and laws as a basic principle of management, Nippon Carbon strictly complies with all laws, regulations, and rules. In order to engage in sincere and fair corporate activities without violation of social norms, we have established the "Basic Policy on Ethics and Compliance" and the "Nippon Carbon Code of Conduct." Primarily through the Corporate Compliance Committee, we work to establish ethical and legal compliance throughout the Group. In addition to legal compliance, we have established structures to enforce risk management and to enhance transparency for shareholders, business partners, communities, and other stakeholders.

Internal Audit Bureau

The Internal Audit Bureau that directly reports to the top management has been established to enhance the internal audit system of the Nippon Carbon Group. The Internal Audit Bureau draws up an annual audit plan, and in accordance with the plan, conducts an internal audit of the appropriateness of the business process and the reliability of financial reporting at each organization within the Group. The Internal Audit Bureau conveys audit results to departments subject to auditing, checks improvement status, and reports the results of follow-up audits to the Board of Directors. The Internal Audit Bureau strives to achieve an effective audit by cooperating with Accounting Auditor as necessary as well as regularly providing an audit report to and exchanging information with the Board of Auditors.

Corporate Governance

List of Officers

| Apr. 1972 | Joined the Company |
|-----------|---|
| Oct. 2008 | Corporate Officer and Plant Manager, Shiga Plant, Production Engineering Department |

- Representative Director and Chairman

Representative Director

Takafumi Miyashita

and CEO

Outside Director

Takeo Kato

- Yoshiji Motohashi
- Feb. 2014 Senior Vice President and Representative Director; Senior General Manager, Production Engineering Department; and General Manager, Production Engineering Division Mar. 2015 Senior Vice President and Representative Director; Senior General Manager, Production Engineering Department; General Manager, Production Engineering Division; and Senior General Manager,

Production Engineering Division

Mar. 2009 Director and Plant Manager, Shiga Plant, Production Engineering Department

Jan. 2011 Managing Director and Plant Manager, Toyama Plant, Production Engineering Department

Jan. 2013 Managing Director; Senior General Manager, Production Engineering Department; and General Manager,

- Development Department Jan. 2017 Representative Director, Chairman (to present)
- Jun. 1992 Joined the Company

| JUN. 1992 | Joined the Company |
|-----------|---|
| Jan. 2011 | Corporate Officer; General Manager, FC Sales Division I, Sales Department; and Branch Manager, Osaka Branch |
| Nov. 2011 | Corporate Officer; General Manager, FC Sales Division I and General Manager, FC Sales Division II, Sales Department; and Branch Manager, Osaka Branch |
| Jan. 2012 | Corporate Officer; Assistant Senior General Manager, Sales Department; General Manager, FC Sales Division I; and General Manager, FC Sales Division II |
| Mar. 2012 | Director; Assistant Senior General Manager, Sales Department; General Manager, FC Sales Division I; and General Manager, FC Sales Division II |
| Jan. 2013 | Director; Senior General Manager, Sales Department; General Manager, FC Sales Division I; and General Manager, FC Sales Division II |
| Sep. 2013 | Director; Senior General Manager, Sales Department; and General Manager, FC Sales Division I |
| Jan. 2015 | Managing Director; Senior General Manager, Sales Department; and General Manager, FC Sales Division |
| Jan. 2016 | Senior Managing Director and Senior General Manager, Sales and Corporate Planning Department |
| Jan. 2017 | Representative Director, CEO (to present) |
| | |

Apr. 1975 Joined ULVAC, Inc. (formerly Japan Vacuum Engineering Co., Ltd.) Sep. 2006 Director of ULVAC, Inc. Sep. 2013 President and Chief Executive Officer of ULVAC TOHOKU, Inc. Sep. 2018 Advisor of ULVAC, Inc Mar. 2020 Outside Director (to present)





| Sep. 1980 | Admitte |
|-----------|----------|
| Sep. 1984 | Admitte |
| Oct. 1984 | Establis |
| Mar. 2015 | Outside |
| | |

Outside Auditor

Mitsuo Sasaki

| Apr. 1971 | Joined t |
|-----------|----------|
| Mar. 2006 | Director |
| Mar. 2009 | Retired |
| | |



Yoshikazu Tanaka

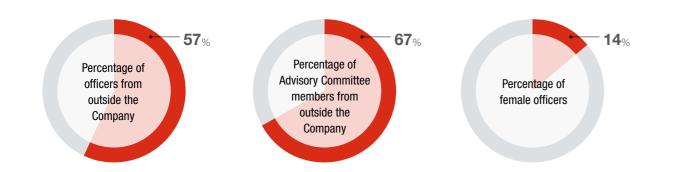
Director Skill Matrix

| | | Director | | | | Auditor | | |
|---|---|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------|-----------------|------------------|---------------|------------------|
| Nam | | Representative Director, Chairman | Representative Director, CEO | Director | Director | Auditor | Auditor | Auditor |
| | | Yoshiji Motohashi | Takafumi Miyashita | Takeo Kato | Yuriko Katayama | Atsushi Miyazaki | Mitsuo Sasaki | Yoshikazu Tanaka |
| | Corporate management | • | ٠ | • | | | | |
| yd be | Business planning | | ٠ | • | | | | |
| sesse | Global business | | • | | • | | | |
| s posses: Director | Legal affairs and governance | | | | • | | | |
| Capabilities possessed by the Director | Sales and marketing | | ٠ | | | | | |
| Capa | Manufacturing and technology | • | | • | | | | |
| | Research and development | • | | | | | | |
| | Independent officer | | | • | • | | • | • |
| | Advisory Committee | • | | • | • | | | |
| ormation | Rate of attendance at Board of Directors meetings (FY2022) | 18/18 | 18/18 | 18/18 | 13/13 | 18/18 | 18/18 | 13/13 |
| Other information | Rate of attendance at Board of Auditors meetings (FY2022) | | | | | 19/19 | 19/19 | 14/14 |
| | Number of shares held (hundreds) | 84 | 23 | — | — | 6 | 5 | — |
| | Term of office | 2017/1- | 2017/1- | 2020/3- | 2022/3- | 2020/3- | 2015/3- | 2022/3- |



- Outside Director
- Oct. 2000 Admitted as attorney (Japan)
- Apr. 2005 Admitted as attorney (State of New York, USA)
- Sep. 2009 Established Takahashi & Katayama
- Apr. 2010 Officer Attorney, Office of International Affairs, Japan Federation of Bar Associations
- Sep. 2020 Director, Office of International Affairs, Japan Federation of Bar Associations (to Dec. 2022) Mar. 2022 Outside Director (to present)

Yuriko Katayama



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Apr. 2015 General Manager of FC Sales Division Jan. 2017 Executive Officer, General Manager of FC Sales Division Jan. 2020 Counselor, General Manager of FC Sales Division

> ted as Certified Public Accountant ted as Certified Tax Accountant shed Sasaki Mitsuo Certified Public Accountant Office e Auditor (to present)

the Company

d as Director Mar. 2022 Outside Auditor (to present)

Corporate Governance

Evaluation of the effectiveness of the Board of Directors

Overview

The Company analyzes and evaluates the effectiveness of the Board of Directors, utilizing such analysis and evaluation to improve the future operation of the Board of Directors with the aim of increasing sustainable growth and long-term corporate value. As one of the measures, the Company provides an evaluation and feedback questionnaire to each Director and Auditor about the operation of the Board of Directors and other topics once or more a year in principle.

Evaluation process

In fiscal 2022, we adopted the same questionnaire method as in the previous year and conducted the questionnaire and self-evaluation in the manner described below.

(1) Evaluation period: January 2022 to December 2022
 (2) Response period: January 13 to January 20, 2023
 (3) Respondents: Seven Directors and Auditors in total
 (4) Overview: Evaluation for each question (on a five point scale) and additional comments

Questionnaire items

(1) Roles and functions of the Board of Directors

- (2) Composition and size of the Board of Directors
- (3) Operation of the Board of Directors
- (4) Cooperation with audit organizations
- (5) Relationship with Outside Directors
- (6) Relationship with shareholders and investors

Remuneration for officers

Basic policy

The Company has established a Policy for Determining Remuneration for Directors.

Composition of remuneration

Remuneration for officers consists of basic remuneration based on position, bonuses linked to performance, and stock remuneration linked to stock price.

We introduced a performance-linked stock remuneration system in 2017 to further clarify the connection between Directors' remuneration and the Company's performance and stock price, as well as to

enhance a mindset of contribution to the enhancement of medium- to long-term business

performance and increased corporate value. The system seeks to do so by having Directors share the risk of stock price declines with shareholders, as well as benefit from rises in stock price.

Each question has an additional comment space,

Based on the questionnaire results, the Company has

analyzed the effectiveness of the Board of Directors

and judged that it is mostly ensured. In particular,

the Company recognizes that the proceedings of the

meetings of the Board of Directors and its cooperation

with audit organizations are its strengths. On the other hand, issues identified to further enhance the

effectiveness of the Board of Directors are described

(1) Expansion of discussion to ensure the diversity of

(2) Expansion of discussion about the allocation of

(3) Ensuring and enhancing information that contributes

to further enhance the provision of information that

contributes to discussions by Outside Directors, expand

opportunities for discussions on the composition

and diversity of the Board of Directors, and expand

opportunities for discussions on human resource

strategy and business portfolio management, with the

focus on the increasing importance of risk management.

Based on this evaluation, the Company will work

to discussions by Outside Directors

calling for a wide range of opinions.

the Board of Directors

management resources

Evaluation

below.

The validity of the remuneration calculated for officers is examined by the Advisory Committee. Amounts are decided by the Board of Directors or the Board of Auditors following consultation with the Advisory Committee.

Remuneration for Auditors

In light of their duties, Auditors are paid only a fixed basic remuneration and fixed bonuses.

Messages from Outside Directors



Outside Director Takeo Kato

Advice on enhancement of corporate value and monitoring of management

I recognize that providing counsel regarding the enhancement of corporate value from an objective standpoint and monitoring management from the perspective of governance are the roles of an Outside Director. I strive to strike a balance between the two.

Enhancing corporate value requires strengthening of profitability that is unaffected by market conditions, market growth potential, and other aspects of the environment. I believe that in the manufacturing industry in particular, improvement of yields and work efficiency is necessary for strengthening profitability. Toward that end, we have to abandon the idea that our current production methods and production structure are fine. When I make inspection visits to production plants, I always try to provide advice and suggestions based on the objective viewpoint and experiences that I have gained in the manufacturing industry, although in a different sector. I hope that this provides an opportunity for employees to have insights, to think, and to act.

I also recognize that the strengthening of governance is directly connected to the enhancement of corporate value. I will do my utmost to utilize my management experience and knowledge to satisfy the Company's stakeholders.

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Outside Director Yuriko Katayama

Paying attention to initiatives for the global environment and diversity

I was appointed as an Outside Director in March 2022. Outside Directors are expected to monitor management and voice the views from an outside perspective. The Company's Board of Directors is in an atmosphere that encourages exchanging candid questions and thought while maintaining a sense of tension.

The BREAKTHROUGH 2024 Mid-term Management Policy calls for three pillars: (1) business structural reforms with an awareness of carbon neutrality and DX, (2) improvement aimed at a lasting and strong corporate constitution, and (3) promotion of ESG management. All of these are supported by the strong demands of the time. Among them, carbon neutrality and the environment are globally expected to tackle with as important issues of corporate social responsibility. I will pay a special attention to how the Company addresses these matters in its management. I will also pay attention to business restructuring and diversity initiatives to address domestic and international events, including the situation in Ukraine.

I will monitor the Company's management and corporate governance, actively speak out on items of concern, and contribute to the enhancement of corporate value as an Outside Director.

Compliance

Our Company makes ethics and legal compliance a basic principle of management.

We have formulated and implement the "Basic Policy on Ethics and Compliance" and the "Nippon Carbon Code of Conduct" to ensure sincere and fair corporate activities and to create a company that is trusted by business partners, shareholders, communities, and other stakeholders.

Basic Policy on Ethics and Compliance

- We will contribute to society through the provision of outstanding products and services.
- As a pioneer in Japan's carbon industrial field and as a leading company, we recognize our social responsibilities and will engage in sound corporate activities.
- By making every effort to develop carbon and peripheral technologies that hold infinite possibilities, we will do our utmost to contribute to society by providing world-class products and services tailored to the needs of the market.

2. We will observe laws and other social norms and will engage in fair and sound corporate activities.

- We will engage in corporate activities on the basis of laws, social norms, and social sensibilities.
- We will practice fair and sincere corporate activities based on principles of self-responsibility.
- We will engage in corporate activities that conform to the rules of international society and will aim for further development as a global company.
- We will take a resolute stance against any individuals or groups that adversely affect the social order and sound corporate activities.
- When a conflict exists between interests and ethics, we will always favor ethics.
- We will not engage in fraudulent accounting practices or false reporting.

- 3. We will respect the character and individuality of our employees and will achieve comfortable and rewarding workplace environments.
- We will value the autonomy and creativity of every employee and will foster a corporate culture that makes use of these qualities in our corporate activities.
- We will protect the safety of workplaces and the health of employees, will respect human rights, and will ensure sound workplace environments free of discrimination.

4. We will respect the standpoints of stakeholders.

• We will strive to maintain sound and positive relationships with a wide-ranging areas of society, including customers, business partners, employees, and shareholders.

5. We will strive to be a good corporate citizen that contributes to society.

- We will closely coordinate and cooperate with local communities so that we can play a role in community development.
- In today's age of globalization, we will respect the world's differing cultural traditions and customs.

6. We will contribute to the conservation of the global environment and the creation of a prosperous and livable society.

- We recognize that we receive the resources required in our business activities and many other benefits from the Earth, and that we bear a duty to leave the global environment in a better state.
- We will tackle the challenge of creating a more prosperous society for future generations.

Nippon Carbon Code of Conduct (Overview)

| | Matters concerning the maintenance and promotion of fair and free competition | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| Compliance with laws, regulations, and rules | Matters concerning the exclusion of anti-social forces | | | | |
| compliance warrane, regulatoric, and raise | Sound relationships with politics and government (particularly civil s | servants) | | | |
| | Matters concerning disclosure of information | Matters concerning disclosure of information | | | |
| | Matters concerning safety and the provision of outstanding | Matters concerning production | | | |
| | products and services | Matters concerning sales | | | |
| | | Matters concerning research and development | | | |
| | | Matters concerning product safety | | | |
| | Matters concerning sound and positive relationships with | Relationships with sales partners | | | |
| Promotion of business activities | business partners and other parties | Relationships with suppliers | | | |
| | | Relationships with affiliated companies and partner companies | | | |
| | | Relationships with government agencies, local government bodies, | | | |
| | | and other public organizations | | | |
| | Matters concerning the protection of intellectual property rights | Handling of trade secrets belonging to the Company | | | |
| | | Handling of the intellectual property rights of other companies | | | |
| | Matters concerning the character and individuality of employees | | | | |
| | Matters concerning respect for privacy | | | | |
| | Matters concerning respect for human rights and the prohibition of discriminatory treatment | | | | |
| Relationships between the Company and its employees | Achievement of safe and healthy workplace environments | Eradication of occupational accidents | | | |
| | Matters concerning awareness of everyday information management | | | | |
| | Matters concerning respect for company property | | | | |
| | Matters concerning the prohibition of acts in conflict of interest | | | | |
| Relationships between the Company and essists | Our responsibility to local communities | | | | |
| Relationships between the Company and society | Matters concerning conservation of the global environment | | | | |
| Matters concerning violations of the Standards of Conduct | | | | | |

Ethics and legal compliance structure

Which is composed of Directors and Auditors and is chaired by the President. The committee works to solve and make improvements to varied issues related to compliance, and is building a structure to reflect this in our everyday corporate activities.

We have further placed a Corporate Compliance Bureau directly under the committee. In addition to conducting supervision and management that cuts across all departments, this office has set up direct points of contact for consultations, investigates irregular matters, implements corrective measures, and checks the status of compliance.

Ethics and legal compliance structure



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Whistleblowing system

In order to take appropriate actions in response to reports and requests for consultation regarding internal and external whistleblowing involving the public interest, and to promptly correct improper acts and promote compliance, we set up a consultation and reporting helpline within the Company. The privacy of persons making reports or requesting consultation is respected, and no personnel-related or other unfavorable treatment is meted out to these persons.

System mechanisms spanning consultations to remedies

Consultation Violations of laws, ethics, or internal regulations Acceptance of requests for · Human rights violations, discrimination, and consultation anti-social acts Labor-related consultation, mental health, etc. Investigation by the Corporate Compliance Fact-finding investigation Bureau and relevant departments Examination of solutions/ Examination and drafting of measures by the decision on final actions Corporate Compliance Committee Measures and feedback Reporting and proposals from the Corporate directed at parties Compliance Bureau to parties requesting requesting consultation consultation Implementation of final actions by the Corporate Implementation of Compliance Bureau final actions Follow-up, tracking Investigation and confirmation following actions investigation, and other by the Corporate Compliance Bureau after-care

ESG Initiativ

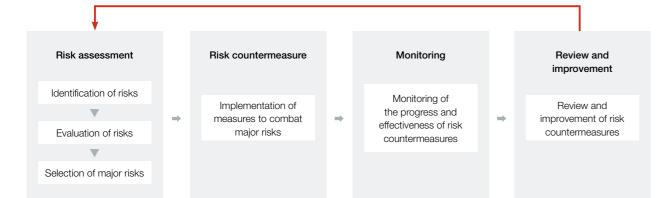
Risk Management

As the risks surrounding our business become ever more diverse and complex, the Nippon Carbon Group is working to build a management structure capable of responding to risks.

The Nippon Carbon Group comprehensively identifies risks envisioned in the course of carrying out our business, evaluates each risk's degree of impact on the Nippon Carbon Group and the possibility of its materialization, and identifies major risks. We further enact measures to control the possibility of identified major risks materializing and to minimize impact when risks do materialize. We also monitor the progress and effectiveness of risk countermeasures, and undertake reviews and improvements related to countermeasures.

In 2022, when forming a capital and business alliance with SEC Carbon, we worked to establish a business continuity system for artificial graphite electrodes as part of our business continuity planning (BCP) in preparation for crises such as natural disasters and infectious diseases.

Risk management cycle



Risk assessment flow

| Identification of risks | Identification of envisioned risks and creation of a risk list (draft) |
|--------------------------|---|
| ▼ | |
| Workshops | Evaluation of risks' degree of impact and probability of materialization, based on the risk list (draft) |
| | |
| Hearings with officers | Hearings with officers about the validity of the risk map and candidate major risks, from a management perspective |
| \blacksquare | |
| Creation of a risk map | Creation of a risk map, based on the content of the hearings with officers |
| | |
| Selection of major risks | Selection of significant risks that should be a focus of management, based on the content of the hearings with officers |

Overview of major risks and status of countermeasures

| Major risks | Overview of risks | Risk countermeasures |
|---|--|--|
| Difficulties in the sourcing of specific raw materials | Risk of inability by the Company to provide materials to customers due to the discontinuation of manufacturing of specific raw materials | Diversification of raw material suppliers Collection of information on countries and companies where sourcing is performed Selection of alternative raw materials Securing of inventory in line with degree of importance |
| Fire and explosion | Risk of a major fire or explosion at a plant resulting in suspension of production due to damage to buildings, destruction of production equipment, injury or death to employees, etc. | Formulation of facility maintenance plans and promotion of self-maintenance Formulation of emergency response manuals and implementation of drills |
| Quality falsification/Quality defects | Risk of the occurrence of falsification of quality inspection results or delivery of products that do not meet quality standards, etc., resulting in a loss of corporate credibility and termination of transactions | Formulation of quality control manuals Implementation of internal audits Thorough management of data related to quality control |
| Revision and strengthening of laws, regulations, etc. | Risk of restrictions on manufacture and sales of products due to revisions to and strengthening of laws and regulations | Proper collection of information on laws and regulations |
| Outbreaks of contagion/ disease | Risk of employees being unable to go to work due to outbreaks, and suspension of production | Operation of the Crisis Management Committee Implementation of telework and staggered working hours Online meetings Formulation of a response manual for outbreaks of contagion |
| Recruitment difficulties, delays in human resource development, and outflow of human resources | Risk of inability to proceed with recruitment of talented human resources according to expectations due to recruitment difficulties, risk of medium- to long-term human resource development not progressing according to plans, and risk of hindrances to work due to increased turnover rate, etc. | Rank-based and topic-specific training Regular interviews with employees |
| Earthquakes, tsunamis | Risk of a massive earthquake occurring in a region where our workplaces or production sites are located, resulting in suspension of production due to damage to buildings, damage to production equipment, injury or death to employees, etc. | Operation of the Crisis Management Committee Securing of emergency power supplies Operation of safety confirmation rules and safety confirmation system Decentralization of production sites |
| Cyberattacks | Risk of losing the trust of customers and the public due to cyberattack-based leaks of confidential information on customers and the Company | Construction of defenses against unauthorized access, backup of data, and other safety measures implemented at appropriate and rational levels Cautions to employees regarding handling of targeted email attacks, etc. |

ESG Initiatives

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Risk Management

Major climate change-related risks and opportunities

Risks

Incomplete/delayed

response to climate change

Increase in costs due to

Increase in costs due to

changes in manufacturing

processes to comply with

environmental regulations

Increased energy costs

Increased logistics costs

carbon pricing

Response to climate change

Based on our recognition that the Nippon Carbon Group is part of an industry that consumes large quantities of energy and resources, we have identified "Contribution to a decarbonized society," "Contribution to a resource recycling-based society," and "Adaptation to climate change" as a materiality (i.e., priority issues), and are advancing initiatives to minimize climate change risks. We have also set "Development of technologies and products in harmony with the environment" as a materiality, in the aim of the achievement of a sustainable society.

As an initiative to achieve this, the Nippon Carbon Group conducts scenario analyses based on the framework of recommendations from the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosure. We evaluate the impacts of the risks and opportunities that climate change will have on our business activities, and consider countermeasures.

Governance and risk management

The Nippon Carbon Group conducts scenario analyses of the risks and opportunities that climate change will bring, and evaluates their degree of impact on the Group.

When scenario analysis evaluates risks and opportunities as presenting a high degree of impact, we incorporate these into our risk management cycle and, acting under top management, examine and implement countermeasures and monitor their effectiveness.

Strategy

To analyze the impact of climate change on our business activities, we conducted climate change scenario analyses. The scenario analyses identified the risks and opportunities expected in 2030 under two scenarios: one in which decarbonization is achieved (under 2°C scenario) and one in which climate change progresses (4°C scenario). We then evaluated the degree of impact on the Nippon Carbon Group.

In the under-2°C scenario, transition risks that are expected to have major impacts include carbon pricing, equipment upgrade expenses to comply with environmental regulations, and increased costs of oil and coal-derived raw materials and fuels.

Physical risks expected to have major impacts in the 4°C scenario include increased damage to plants due to typhoons, heavy rains, flooding, and storm surges.

The main expected opportunities include increased demand for Nippon Carbon Group products that contribute to decarbonization (solar cell and EV-related fine carbon products, artificial graphite electrodes, lithium-ion battery anode materials, silicon carbide fiber, etc.).

| Under-2°C | | Soaring raw material prices | Risk of soa materials, in |
|-----------------|-----------------|---|--|
| scenario | | Emergence of innovative technologies (related to decarbonization) | Possibility of to competiti Risk of redu products due |
| | | Increased demand for energy-saving- and | Possibility of products as |
| | Opportunities . | renewable energy related products | Possibility of contributes t |
| | | Increased demand for artificial graphite electrodes | Possibility of associated v |
| | | Increased demand for EV- related products | Possibility o semiconduc anode mate |
| | | Positive evaluation by investors, etc. of leading response | Possibility of by investors climate char |
| 4°C scenario | Risks | Heavy rains, flooding, and other weather anomalies | Risk of dam affecting ope |
| | | | |

Overview of scenarios

| | Overview | Reference |
|--------------------|--|---|
| Under-2°C scenario | Scenario in which atmospheric temperature rise is constrained to less than 2°C from the pre-industrial level. To achieve sustainable development goals, including those of the Paris Agreement, strict laws and regulations are introduced and large-scale investments in environment related technologies are made. | International Energy Agency (IEA) Sustainable Development Scenario (SDS), etc. |
| 4°C scenario | Scenario in which atmospheric temperature rises 4°C or more from the pre-industrial level. The introduction of environment-related laws and regulations is delayed and floods, storm surges, and other weather anomalies increase as greenhouse gas emissions go uncontrolled. | United Nations Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) RCP8.5, etc.) |

Metrics and targets

The Nippon Carbon Group is advancing initiatives to reduce GHG emissions, under the goal set out by the Japanese government of achieving carbon neutrality by 2050. As GHG emissions are roughly proportional to energy input amounts, we are examining and monitoring measures to reduce GHG emissions with

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| Impact on business | Degree of impact (2030) |
|---|-------------------------------|
| Risk of withdrawal of investment and decline in stock price due to criticism by investors, etc. over the use of fossil fuels and insufficient information disclosure | Medium |
| Risk of increased financial burden due to carbon pricing and other tightening of GHG emission regulations | Large |
| Risk of increased costs or work burdens associated with equipment upgrades and manufacturing process improvements | Medium |
| • Risk of increased energy costs due to factors including soaring fuel prices, increased rate of renewable energy usage, and increased renewable energy surcharges | Large |
| • Risk of increased logistics costs due to soaring prices of gasoline, etc. | Medium |
| • Risk of soaring prices of crude oil, coal, and other raw materials, increasing financial burden | Large |
| Possibility of slowdown in sales relative to market growth due to competition Risk of reduced demand for silicon melting furnace-related products due to the mainstreaming of next-generation solar cells | Large |
| Possibility of growing demand for silicon melting furnace-related products associated with growing demand for solar cells Possibility of growing demand for silicon carbide fiber, which contributes to enhanced fuel efficiency in aircraft engines | Large |
| Possibility of growing demand for artificial graphite electrodes associated with increasing demand for electric furnaces | Large |
| Possibility of growing demand for fine carbon products for semiconductors, magnets, etc. and for lithium-ion battery anode materials associated with increased demand for EVs | Large |
| Possibility of rise in stock price due to positive evaluation by investors, etc. of the Company's leading responses to climate change | Medium |
| Risk of damage from flooding, storms, etc. in plants, etc., affecting operations | Medium |

- energy intensity as a metric. As a component of our risk management initiatives, we also set and manage metrics and targets related to measures for individual risks and opportunities, and aim to disclose information in the future.
- * See p. 30 for detailed data on our GHG emissions.

ESG Initiatives

Financial Information

Long-term financial results (consolidated results)

| For the year | | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
|--|-------------------|---------|---------|--------|---------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Operating results | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net sales | (Millions of yen) | 30,439 | 29,580 | 28,891 | 22,903 | 27,964 | 48,017 | 44,931 | 26,802 | 31,578 | 35,799 |
| Operating profit | (Millions of yen) | 705 | 1,409 | 2,063 | (663) | 2,569 | 16,404 | 14,827 | 3,015 | 3,706 | 4,791 |
| Ordinary profit | (Millions of yen) | 921 | 1,518 | 1,884 | (570) | 2,997 | 16,508 | 15,106 | 3,587 | 4,434 | 5,042 |
| Profit attributable to owners of parent | (Millions of yen) | 694 | 802 | 1,076 | (5,413) | 2,961 | 10,292 | 9,700 | 1,810 | 2,729 | 3,194 |
| Cash flows from operating activities | (Millions of yen) | 2,624 | 4,319 | 3,827 | 2,370 | 3,876 | 12,633 | 4,792 | 3,853 | 7,551 | 5,798 |
| Cash flows from investing activities | (Millions of yen) | (899) | (825) | (526) | (6,136) | (1,498) | (2,051) | (3,693) | (4,716) | (608) | (1,601) |
| Cash flows from financing activities | (Millions of yen) | (2,236) | (1,362) | (740) | 3,501 | (1,349) | (2,418) | (2,996) | (2,389) | (3,762) | (3,777) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | (Millions of yen) | 5,914 | 8,048 | 10,685 | 10,408 | 11,441 | 19,602 | 17,707 | 14,455 | 17,720 | 18,177 |
| Research and development expenses | (Millions of yen) | 276 | 283 | 240 | 295 | 341 | 368 | 418 | 406 | 368 | 369 |
| Depreciation | (Millions of yen) | 2,860 | 2,667 | 1,980 | 2,342 | 1,570 | 1,529 | 1,847 | 2,193 | 2,385 | 2,484 |
| Capital expenditure | (Millions of yen) | 1,091 | 940 | 5,018 | 3,678 | 1,468 | 2,713 | 4,456 | 3,572 | 1,812 | 2,463 |
| Financial status | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total assets | (Millions of yen) | 56,391 | 57,114 | 59,043 | 53,895 | 57,656 | 73,598 | 77,939 | 70,930 | 72,692 | 74,181 |
| Equity capital | (Millions of yen) | 31,017 | 31,509 | 31,477 | 25,438 | 28,196 | 36,539 | 45,140 | 44,146 | 44,987 | 45,562 |
| Net assets | (Millions of yen) | 36,103 | 36,690 | 36,617 | 30,810 | 33,906 | 42,734 | 51,654 | 50,998 | 52,257 | 53,210 |
| Interest-bearing debt*1 | (Millions of yen) | 10,742 | 10,049 | 10,945 | 14,938 | 14,394 | 13,248 | 12,027 | 11,987 | 10,567 | 9,092 |
| Per-share | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Profit*2 | (yen/share) | 6.11 | 7.06 | 9.51 | (48.81) | 267.71 | 931.89 | 876.81 | 163.64 | 247.00 | 289.24 |
| Net assets*2 | (yen/share) | 272.81 | 277.29 | 283.82 | 229.37 | 2,553.20 | 3,303.04 | 4,080.33 | 3,989.30 | 4,073.56 | 4,125.77 |
| Dividends*2 | (yen/share) | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 50.00 | 100.00 | 200.00 | 200.00 | 200.00 | 200.00 |
| Financial indicators | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Return on assets (ROA) | (%) | 1.6 | 2.7 | 3.2 | (1.0) | 5.4 | 25.1 | 19.9 | 4.8 | 6.2 | 6.9 |
| Return on equity (ROE) | (%) | 2.3 | 2.6 | 3.4 | (19.0) | 11.0 | 31.8 | 23.8 | 4.1 | 6.1 | 7.1 |
| Return on sales (ROS) | (%) | 3.0 | 5.1 | 6.5 | (2.5) | 10.7 | 34.4 | 33.6 | 13.4 | 14.0 | 14.1 |
| Equity ratio | (%) | 55.0 | 55.2 | 53.3 | 47.2 | 48.9 | 49.4 | 57.9 | 62.2 | 61.9 | 61.4 |
| Share price at end of term | (yen/share) | 198 | 229 | 306 | 227 | 5,070 | 4,025 | 4,105 | 3,945 | 4,170 | 4,205 |
| Dividend payout ratio*3 | (%) | 118.48 | 91.07 | 53.19 | (9.60) | 22.05 | 11.58 | 23.20 | 162.44 | 105.08 | 87.83 |
| Price-earnings ratio (PER) | (multiple) | 32.41 | 32.44 | 32.18 | (4.65) | 18.94 | 4.32 | 4.68 | 24.11 | 16.88 | 14.54 |

*1 Figure indicates balance of borrowings.

 $^{\ast}2$ A 10-for-1 share consolidation was implemented effective July 1, 2017.

*3 Nippon Carbon Co., Ltd. (non-consolidated).

Number of employees

| For the year | | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
|------------------|-----------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Consolidated | (persons) | 530 | 537 | 574 | 591 | 614 | 679 | 664 | 663 | 648 | 651 |
| Non-consolidated | (persons) | 145 | 143 | 147 | 148 | 169 | 154 | 180 | 182 | 175 | 178 |

Financial Information

Consolidated balance sheets

| | As of December 31, 2021 | As of December 31, 2022 |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| ssets | | |
| Current assets | | |
| Cash and deposits | 17,865 | 18,322 |
| Notes and accounts receivable - trade | 11,592 | _ |
| Notes receivable, accounts receivable and contract assets | - | 11,922 |
| Merchandise and finished goods | 7,896 | 8,661 |
| Work in process | 4,595 | 4,408 |
| Raw materials and supplies | 2,886 | 3,447 |
| Income taxes receivable | - | 16 |
| Other | 585 | 781 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | (22) | (14) |
| Total current assets | 45,399 | 47,546 |
| Non-current assets | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | | |
| Buildings and structures, net | 7,177 | 6,817 |
| Machinery and equipment, net | 8,195 | 8,394 |
| Vehicles, tools, furniture and fixtures, net | 464 | 540 |
| Land | 3,544 | 3,553 |
| Construction in progress | 132 | 197 |
| Total property, plant and equipment | 19,515 | 19,502 |
| Intangible assets | 264 | 240 |
| Investments and other assets | | |
| Investment securities | 5,172 | 4,566 |
| Deferred tax assets | 378 | 434 |
| Other | 1,964 | 1,893 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | (2) | (2) |
| Total investments and other assets | 7,513 | 6,892 |
| Total non-current assets | 27,292 | 26,635 |
| Total assets | 72,692 | 74,181 |

| | As of December 31, 2021 | As of December 31, 2022 |
|--|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| iabilities | | |
| Current liabilities | | |
| Notes and accounts payable - trade | 3,900 | 5,416 |
| Short-term borrowings | 9,180 | 8,892 |
| Accrued expenses | 516 | 579 |
| Income taxes payable | 1,038 | 1,271 |
| Advances received | 552 | 801 |
| Provision for bonuses | 208 | 223 |
| Provision for bonuses for directors (and other officers) | 59 | 74 |
| Provision for loss on orders received | - | 0 |
| Other | 1,571 | 1,915 |
| Total current liabilities | 17,027 | 19,175 |
| Non-current liabilities | | |
| Long-term borrowings | 1,387 | 200 |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 633 | 274 |
| Retirement benefit liability | 776 | 784 |
| Provision for retirement benefits for directors (and other officers) | 55 | 19 |
| Provision for share awards for directors (and other officers) | 89 | 85 |
| Provision for environmental measures | 28 | 0 |
| Asset retirement obligations | 62 | 62 |
| Other | 373 | 369 |
| Total non-current liabilities | 3,407 | 1,795 |
| Total liabilities | 20,434 | 20,971 |
| et assets | | |
| Shareholders' equity | | |
| Share capital | 7,402 | 7,402 |
| Capital surplus | 7,857 | 7,858 |
| Retained earnings | 29,805 | 30,744 |
| Treasury shares | (2,011) | (2,012) |
| Total shareholders' equity | 43,054 | 43,992 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | | |
| Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities | 1,868 | 1,493 |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment | 124 | 170 |
| Remeasurements of defined benefits plans | (59) | (93) |

Total accumulated other comprehensive income

Non-controlling interests

Total net assets

Total liabilities and net assets

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(Millions of yen)

| 1,868 | 1,493 |
|--------|--------|
| 124 | 170 |
| (59) | (93) |
| 1,932 | 1,570 |
| 7,270 | 7,647 |
| 52,257 | 53,210 |
| 72,692 | 74,181 |
| | |

Data Section

Financial Information

Consolidated statements of income

| | | (Millions of ye |
|--|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| | Fiscal year ended December 31, 2021 | Fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 |
| Net sales | 31,578 | 35,799 |
| Cost of sales | 23,539 | 25,950 |
| Gross profit | 8,038 | 9,849 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 4,332 | 5,058 |
| Operating profit | 3,706 | 4,791 |
| Non-operating income | | |
| Interest income | 4 | 1 |
| Dividend income | 99 | 130 |
| Foreign exchange gains | 146 | 250 |
| Share of profit of entities accounted for using equity method | 42 | 79 |
| Subsidy income | 2 | - |
| Compensation income | 366 | - |
| Insurance claim income | 208 | 223 |
| Other | 221 | 155 |
| Total non-operating income | 1,092 | 840 |
| Non-operating expenses | | |
| Interest expenses | 61 | 52 |
| Loss on retirement of non-current assets | 20 | 156 |
| Depreciation of inactive non-current assets | 149 | 146 |
| Loss on disaster | 59 | 78 |
| Other | 72 | 155 |
| Total non-operating expenses | 363 | 589 |
| Ordinary profit | 4,434 | 5,042 |
| Extraordinary income | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| Gain on sales of investment securities | 179 | 183 |
| Total extraordinary income | 179 | 183 |
| Extraordinary losses | | |
| Loss on fire | 97 | _ |
| Plant relocation related expense | 84 | - |
| Total extraordinary losses | 182 | _ |
| Profit before income taxes | 4,431 | 5,225 |
| Income taxes - current | 1,362 | 1,812 |
| Income taxes - deferred | 7 | (232) |
| Total income taxes | 1,370 | 1,579 |
| Profit | 3,060 | 3,646 |
| Profit attributable to non-controlling interests | 331 | 451 |
| Profit attributable to owners of parent | 2,729 | 3,194 |

(Millions of yop)

Consolidated statements of cash flows

| | Fiscal year ended December 31, 2021 | Fiscal year ended December 31, 202 |
|--|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | | |
| Cash flows from operating activities | | |
| Profit before income taxes | 4,431 | 5,225 |
| Depreciation | 2,385 | 2,484 |
| Increase (decrease) in retirement benefit liability | 29 | (40) |
| Increase (decrease) in provision for retirement benefits for directors (and other officers) | 2 | (36) |
| Increase (decrease) in provision for plant relocation related expense | (159) | - |
| Interest and dividend income | (103) | (131) |
| Insurance claim income | (208) | (223) |
| Compensation income | (366) | - |
| Interest expenses | 61 | 52 |
| Share of loss (profit) of entities accounted for using equity method | (42) | (79) |
| Loss (gain) on sales of investment securities | (179) | (183) |
| Loss on casualty | 59 | 78 |
| Loss on fire | 97 | _ |
| Loss on retirement of non-current assets | 20 | 156 |
| Decrease (increase) in trade receivables | (2,302) | _ |
| Decrease (increase) in trade receivables and contract assets | _ | (273) |
| Decrease (increase) in inventories | 2,050 | (1,083) |
| Increase (decrease) in trade payables | 535 | 1,509 |
| Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses | (71) | 63 |
| Increase (decrease) in accounts payable - other | (19) | (209) |
| Increase (decrease) in advances received | 418 | 248 |
| Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable - other | (90) | (205) |
| Other, net | (115) | (396) |
| Subtotal | 6,434 | 6,955 |
| Interest and dividends received | 103 | 166 |
| Interest paid | (59) | (52) |
| Income taxes refund | 1,340 | 29 |
| Income taxes paid | (842) | (1,604) |
| Proceeds from insurance income | 208 | 304 |
| Proceeds from compensation | 366 | - |
| Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities | 7,551 | 5,798 |
| ash flows from investing activities | | |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment | (1,528) | (1,775) |
| Purchase of intangible assets | (117) | (67) |
| Purchase of investment securities | (6) | (6) |
| Proceeds from sales of investment securities | 544 | 247 |
| Decrease (increase) in time deposits | 500 | |
| Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities | (608) | (1,601) |
| ash flows from financing activities | | |
| Net increase (decrease) in short-term borrowings | (250) | (300) |
| Proceeds from long-term borrowings | 100 | 100 |
| Repayments of long-term borrowings | (1,270) | (1,275) |
| Net decrease (increase) in treasury shares | (98) | (0) |
| Dividends paid | (2,206) | (2,206) |
| Dividends paid to non-controlling interests | (37) | (94) |
| Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities | (3,762) | (3,777) |
| ffect of exchange rate change on cash and cash quivalents | 84 | 37 |
| let increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | 3,264 | 456 |
| ash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 14,455 | 17,720 |
| ash and cash equivalents at end of period | 17,720 | 18,177 |

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Data Section

Corporate Information (As of December 2023)





Nippon Carbon

Toyama Plant

Shirakawa Plant

• Technical Center

Shiga Plant

- Headquarters
- Osaka Branch
- Nagoya Office
- Nippon Carbon Korea Liaison office

- Affiliated companies (domestic)
- Nippon Techno-Carbon Co., Ltd.*
- NTC Machining Co., Ltd.
- Nippon Carbon Engineering Co., Ltd.
- NGS Advanced Fibers Co., Ltd.
- Nikka-en Co., Ltd.
- Toho Tanso Kogyo Co., Ltd.

Affiliated companies (overseas)

- Central Carbon Co., Ltd.
- Nippon Carbon Shanghai Co., Ltd.
- Nippon Carbon Europe GmbH
- NIPPON CARBON OF AMERICA, LLC
- Nippon Kornmeyer Carbon Group GmbH

Corporate Information

Corporate profile

(As of June 30, 2023)

| Company name | Nippon Carbon Co., Ltd. |
|-------------------------|--|
| Founded | December 20, 1915 |
| Capital | 7,402 million yen |
| Fiscal year end | December 31 |
| Address of headquarters | 1-10-7 Hatchobori, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104-0032 TEL. 03-6891-3730 |
| Website | https://www.carbon.co.jp |

Stock information

(As of June 30, 2023)

| Securities code | 5302 |
|---|---|
| Total number of authorized shares | 40,000,000 |
| Total number of issued shares (common shares) | 11,832,504 |
| Number of shareholders | 17,164 |
| Stock exchange | Tokyo Stock Exchange Prime Market |
| Share unit number | 100 shares |
| Shareholders register | Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd. |
| Inquiries | Mizuho Trust & Banking Co., Ltd., Transfer Agent Department 2-8-4 Izumi, Suginami-ku, Tokyo 168-8507 TEL. 0120-288-324 (toll-free) |

Major shareholders

(As of June 30, 2023)

| Name | Number of shares held (hundred shares) | Shareholding ratio (%) |
|--|---|------------------------|
| The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (trust account) | 15,358 | 13.83 |
| Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (trust account) | 7,074 | 6.37 |
| Mizuho Bank, Ltd. | 5,517 | 4.97 |
| SEC Carbon, Ltd. | 4,442 | 4.00 |
| Nippon Life Insurance Company | 3,790 | 3.41 |
| Nippon Carbon Kyoei Shareholding Association | 1,455 | 1.31 |
| JP MORGAN CHASE BANK 385781 | 1,423 | 1.28 |
| STATE STREET BANK WEST CLIENT - TREATY 505234 | 1,098 | 0.99 |
| Sumitomo Mitsui Banking Corporation | 995 | 0.90 |
| STATE STREET BANK AND TRUST COMPANY 505223 | 937 | 0.84 |

Notes: 1. Shareholding ratio is calculated after deducting the number of treasury shares (7,286 hundred shares) from the number of issued shares. 2. In addition to the above, 596 hundred shares of the Company are held by the Board Benefit Trust (BBT).

Distribution of shareholders

